

National Curriculum: Year 2

Children need to develop:

pleasure in reading;

motivation to read;

increased vocabulary;

improved level of understanding.

While in year 2, children must add to this by learning about cause and effect in:

narrative texts, e.g. What has prompted the character's behaviour in this story?

non-fiction texts, e.g. Why are certain dates commemorated annually?

This skill requires deep thinking and is easier for some children than others.

How to Help

In everyday life, model explaining why you have made the decisions you have made, e.g. 'I'm going to leave that there so that I remember it later.'

Continue to regularly model clear reading with fluency and expression.

Share your opinions about a book and explain why you think that.

Discuss appropriate national events and explain why they are celebrated annually.

Explain why people react the way they do within certain social situations.



Year 2 Expectations

Year 2 children are expected to:

use a range of strategies to read new words, e.g. breaking the word down into chunks;

read familiar words quickly without needing to sound them out;

correct themselves when they have read a sentence incorrectly;

read words containing the common suffixes -ful (careful), -ly (slowly), -ness (illness), -ment (treatment) and -less (helpless);



Year 2 Expectations

Year 2 children are expected to:



continue to practise phonics until reading has become fluent;

retell a story, referring to most of the key events and characters;

decide how useful a non-fiction text is for a particular purpose;

be aware that books are set in different places;

relate what they have read to their own experiences;

Year 2 Expectations

Year 2 children are expected to:

continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart;

recognise key themes and ideas within a text;

make simple inferences about the thoughts and feelings of characters and the reasons for their actions.



Year 2 Common Exception Words

Year 2 Common Exception Words

after
again
any
bath
beautiful
because
behind
both
break
busy
child
children
Christmas

class
climb
clothes
could
cold
door
even
every
everybody
eye
fast
father
find

floor
gold
grass
great
half
hold
hour
improve
kind
last
many
mind
money

most move Mr Mrs old only parents pass past path people plant poor pretty prove should steak sugar sure told water whole who wild would



SATs Content Domain Coverage

In the KS1 reading tests, your child's understanding of reading is tested through five different strands, known as 'content domains'.

These content domains are:

Vocabulary Victor Content Domain 1a: Draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts.









Getting your child used to answering questions from each of these content domains prepares them for the SATS reading assessment. Asking a few questions per night will build your child's experience.

Vocabulary

Vocabulary Victor will help your child to explore how and why authors and poets have chosen to use certain words and phrases.

Vocabulary VictorContent Domain 1a:

Draw on knowledge of vocabulary to understand texts.



What does this word/sentence tell you about... (fiction feature/non-fiction subject matter)?

Can you find a word/sentence that tells you.../ shows you.../backs up what you have said about...?

Why did the author use the word... to describe...?

How does this word/description make you feel?

Retrieval

Rex Retriever will help your child to delve into a text and retrieve the facts exactly as they are written.

Rex Retriever

Content Domain 1b: Identify/explain key aspects of fiction and non-fiction texts such as characters, events, titles and information.



Where/when is the story/poem set?

Is this character a good/bad character? How can you tell?

Is there a dilemma in the story? What is it? How is the dilemma resolved?

Find your favourite description of the...

Sequencing

Sequencing Suki likes everything in order!

She will help your child to sequence events in a text and to discuss the order in which things happen.

Sequencing SukiContent Domain 1c:

Identify and explain the sequence of events in texts.



How/where does the story/poem/non-fiction text start?

Which character do we meet first?

What is the first/second/last step in these instructions?

Put these sentences into the order they happened in.

Inference

Inference Iggy will help your child to hunt for clues in a text about how someone might be feeling or why something is happening.





What do you think... is saying/thinking/feeling at this point? Why?

What do you think the author meant when...?

Why does the author use the word ... here?

How do you think the author feels about ...? Find words to back this up.

Prediction

Predicting Pip tries to see the future and she will help your child to work out what might happen next based on what they have already read.

Predicting Pip Content Domain 1e: Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far.



Where do you think ... will go next? Why?



Can you think of any other stories like this? How do they end? Do you think this will end the same way?

Brilliant Book List Y2







Suggested Books

The Big Alfie and Annie Rose Storybook

by Shirley Hughes

Ronald the Rhino

by Twinkl Originals

The Dinosaur That Pooped Christmas

by Tom Fletcher

Fantastic Mr Fox

bu Roald Dahl

Back to Earth with a Bump

by Twinkl Originals

Flanimals

by Ricky Gervals

Flat Stanley

by Jeff Brown

Fel Fil Fo! Fum!

by Twinkl Originals

George's Marvellous Medicine

by Roald Dahl

Horrid Henry

by Francesca Simon

The Making of Milton

by Twinkl Originals

Treasures in the Garden

by Twinkl Originals

Little Wolf's Book of Badness

by Anthony Clark

Man on the Moon

by Smon Bartram

The Zoo Vet

by Twinkl Originals

Continued

Carrot Club

by Twinkl Originals

The Great Paper Caper

by Oliver Jeffers

The Hodgeheg

by Dick King-Smith

The Old Toy Room

by Twinkl Originals

The Magic Faraway Tree

by Enid Blyton

The Owl Who Was Afraid of the Dark

by Jill Tomlinson

A Magical Muddle

by Twinkl Originals

The True Story of the Three Little Pigs

by Jon Scieszka

A Christmas Collar

by Twinkl Originals

Flat Stanley

by Jeff Brown

The Twits

by Roald Dahl

Little Acorns

by Twinkl Originals

Winnie the Witch

by Emily Gravett

Wolves

by Mwenye Hadithi

Rameena's Ramadan

by Twinkl Originals

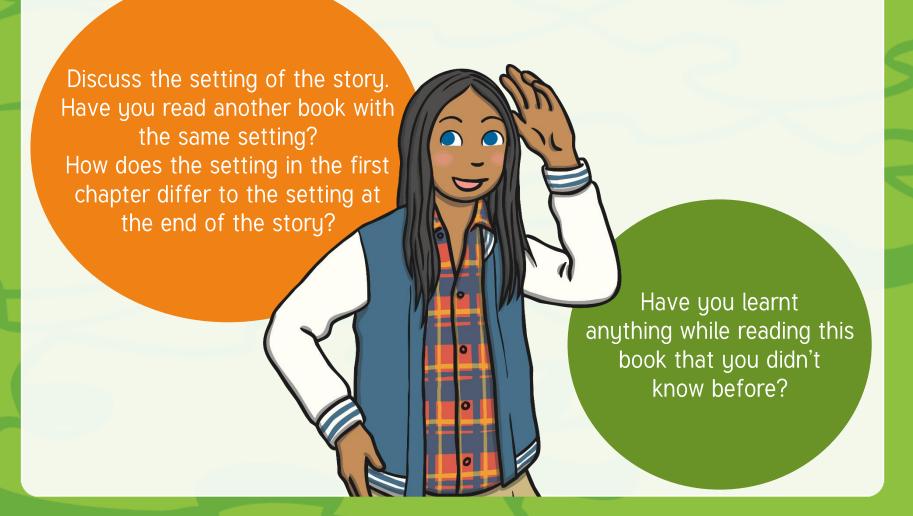
Helping Your Child at Home

Talk about what can be inferred from the pictures before you read the text, e.g. 'Why might the girl on the cover be sad?'

Discuss alternative words the author could have used, e.g. 'Happy is a bit of a boring adjective, isn't it? What word could we use instead?'

Make predictions and be able to justify them.

Helping Your Child at Home



Reading Every Day

Reading to your child every day is just as important as hearing your

child read to you.

Reading to your child will help your child to develop their understanding of what they hear. It can also inspire them to want to read for themselves.

Try to read to your child at a higher level than they can read by themselves.

Remember to talk about new words you come across together.
Why not use a dictionary?



Reading Game Ideas

Playing simple reading games will help your child to see the relevance of reading while having fun.

Play board games that include reading. Ask your child to read out the clues.



Reading Game Ideas

Playing simple reading games will help your child to see the relevance of reading while having fun.

Ask your child to read menus, notices or posters when you are out and about.



Reading Game Ideas

Playing simple reading games will help your child to see the relevance of reading while having fun.

Hide notes with words or sentences on around the house. Encourage your child to hunt for them and to read the notes that they find.





